



**2018**

**28-30 JUNE**  
**VIENNA, AUSTRIA**

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#MASCC18

# Eflapegrastim is safe and effective in reducing severe neutropenia in patients treated with myelosuppressive chemotherapy in **ADVANCE**, a Phase 3 randomized controlled trial compared to pegfilgrastim



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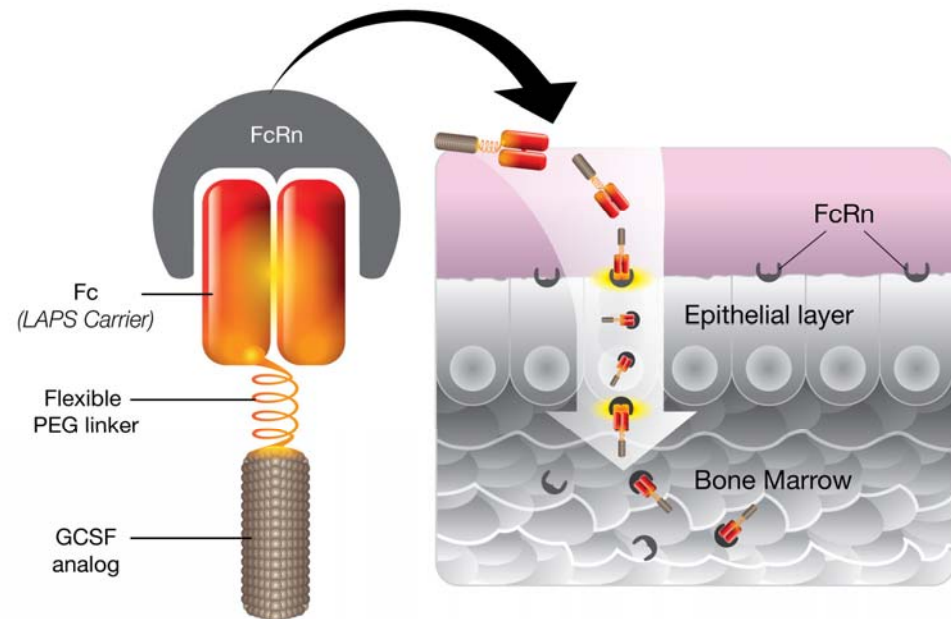


# Eflapegrastim (SPI-2012) for the Management of Chemotherapy-Induced Neutropenia

A Novel, Long-Acting G-CSF



- Novel biologic chemically conjugated form of recombinant human G-CSF analogue
- Fc-mediated transport of G-CSF leads to increased bone marrow uptake
- Decreased renal and vascular endothelial clearance
- Higher distribution of eflapegrastim in bone marrow along with stronger stem cell proliferation could improve efficacy



# Eflapegrastim Phase 2 Efficacy

## Median Absolute Neutrophil Count (ANC) Over Time in Cycle 1

- Dose-ranging, active control study with three dose levels of eflapegrastim
- Patients candidates for neoadjuvant chemotherapy with TC
- TC dosing on Day 1, G-CSF dosing on Day 2 of each of 4 cycles
- Significant dose response to the reduction in severe neutropenia
- 135 µg/kg of eflapegrastim non-inferior, 270 µg/kg eflapegrastim statistically superior to pegfilgrastim in the reduction of severe neutropenia
- Safety profile of eflapegrastim similar to pegfilgrastim



	Eflapegrastim 45 µg/kg (N=39)	Eflapegrastim 135 µg/kg (N=36)	Eflapegrastim 270 µg/kg (N=36)	Pegfilgrastim 6 mg (N=36)
<b>Days of Severe Neutropenia or DSN (Days) in Cycle 1</b>				
Mean (SD)	1.03 (1.547)	0.44 (1.275)	0.03 (0.167)	0.31 (0.822)
Difference with Pegfilgrastim	0.72	0.14	-0.28	N/A
Non-inferiority <i>p</i> -value	0.296	<b>0.002</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	N/A
Superiority <i>p</i> -value	0.006	0.528	<b>0.023</b>	N/A



# ADVANCE Study Overview



- **Randomized Trial of SPI-2012 Versus Pegfilgrastim in the Management of Chemotherapy Induced Neutropenia in Breast Cancer Patients Receiving Docetaxel and Cyclophosphamide (TC) (ADVANCE)**
- **Primary Endpoint and Test:** Non-inferiority of eflapegrastim to pegfilgrastim in duration of severe neutropenia (DSN) in Cycle 1
- **Key Secondary Endpoints:**
  - Time to absolute neutrophil count (ANC) recovery in Cycle 1
  - Depth of ANC Nadir, defined as the patient's lowest ANC in Cycle 1
  - Incidence of Febrile Neutropenia (FN) in patients during Cycle 1
  - Safety
- **Study Drug:**
  - SPI-2012 (eflapegrastim, Rolontis) – fixed dose, 3.6 mg GCSF equivalent
  - Pegfilgrastim – fixed dose, 6 mg GCSF equivalent
- **Number of Patients:** 406 (1:1 randomization)
- **Target Population:** Patients with new diagnosis of early-stage breast cancer who are candidates for adjuvant or neo-adjuvant treatment with TC chemotherapy



# Demographics and Baseline Characteristics



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Category		Eflapegrastim (N=196) n (%)	Pegfilgrastim (N=210) n (%)	Total (N=406) n (%)
<b>Age</b>	Mean (SD)	59.9 (11.12)	59.0 (11.79)	59.5 (11.47)
	Median (min, max)	61.0 (28, 83)	60 (24, 84)	61.0 (24, 84)
	<65 yrs	118 (60)	129 (61)	247 (61)
	≥ 65 yrs	78 (40)	81 (39)	159 (39)
<b>Race</b>	White or Caucasian	156 (80)	159 (76)	315 (78)
	Black or African American	26 (13)	32 (15)	58 (14)
	Others	14 (7)	19 (9)	33 (8)
<b>Weight (kg)</b>	Mean (SD)	80.3 (17.38)	81.5 (20.11)	80.9 (18.83)
	Median (min, max)	78.6 (42, 145)	78.7 (42, 150)	78.6 (42, 150)
	≤75 kg	81 (41)	93 (44)	174 (43)
	>75 kg	115 (59)	117 (56)	232 (57)
<b>ECOG</b>	0	140 (71)	147 (70)	287 (71)
	1	56 (29)	59 (28)	115 (28)
	2	0	4 (2)	4 (1)



# Chemotherapy and Study Drug Exposure

- Patients were well compliant with the chemotherapy across all cycles
  - Docetaxel: >99% in both treatment arms in Cycle 1,
  - Cyclophosphamide: >99% in both treatment arms in Cycle 1
  - ≤2% out of compliance to docetaxel and cyclophosphamide across all cycles
- 100% compliance eflapegrastim and pegfilgrastim in Cycle 1



# Summary of Patient Disposition



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	Eflapegrastim N (%)	Pegfilgrastim N (%)	Total N (%)
<b>Intent-to-Treat Population</b>	196	210	406
<b>Safety Population</b>	197	208	405*
<b>Completed Treatment Cycles</b>			
<b>Cycle 1</b>	194 (99)	208 (99)	402 (99)
<b>Cycle 2</b>	181 (92)	190 (90)	371 (91)
<b>Cycle 3</b>	176 (90)	182 (87)	358 (88)
<b>Cycle 4</b>	168 (86)	179 (85)	347 (85)
<b>Discontinued from Treatment</b>	28 (14)	30 (14)	58 (14)
<b>Adverse Event</b>	9 (5)	10 (5)	19 (5)
<b>Discontinuation of Eflapegrastim or Pegfilgrastim</b>	3 (2)	0	3 (1)
<b>Delay of TC for &gt; 42 days since last study treatment</b>	0	1 (<1)	1 (<1)
<b>Investigator Decision</b>	2 (1)	6 (3)	8 (2)
<b>Sponsor Decision</b>	0	1 (<1)	1 (<1)
<b>Withdrawal of Informed Consent</b>	12 (6)	11 (5)	23 (6)
<b>Death</b>	0	1 (<1)	1 (<1)
<b>Other</b>	2 (1)	0	2 (<1)

\*1 patient randomized to pegfilgrastim but received eflapegrastim; 1 patient randomized to pegfilgrastim but never received the drug





# Primary Efficacy Endpoint– DSN in Cycle 1 (ITT Population)



	Eflapegrastim N=196	Pegfilgrastim N=210
DSN (days) Mean (SD) Median (Range)	0.19 (0.478) 0 (0, 2)	0.34 (0.668) 0 (0, 3)
Difference in mean DSN (Eflapegrastim – pegfilgrastim) Percentile Method: Confidence Interval* Non-inferiority p-value**	<b>-0.148</b> (-0.260, -0.035) <0.0001	

**Non-inferiority met as the upper bound of 95% CI is <0.62 day.**

\*95% CI was calculated using bootstrap resampling of the data; \*\* p-value is based on the calculated t-statistic from bootstrapped sample mean and standard error



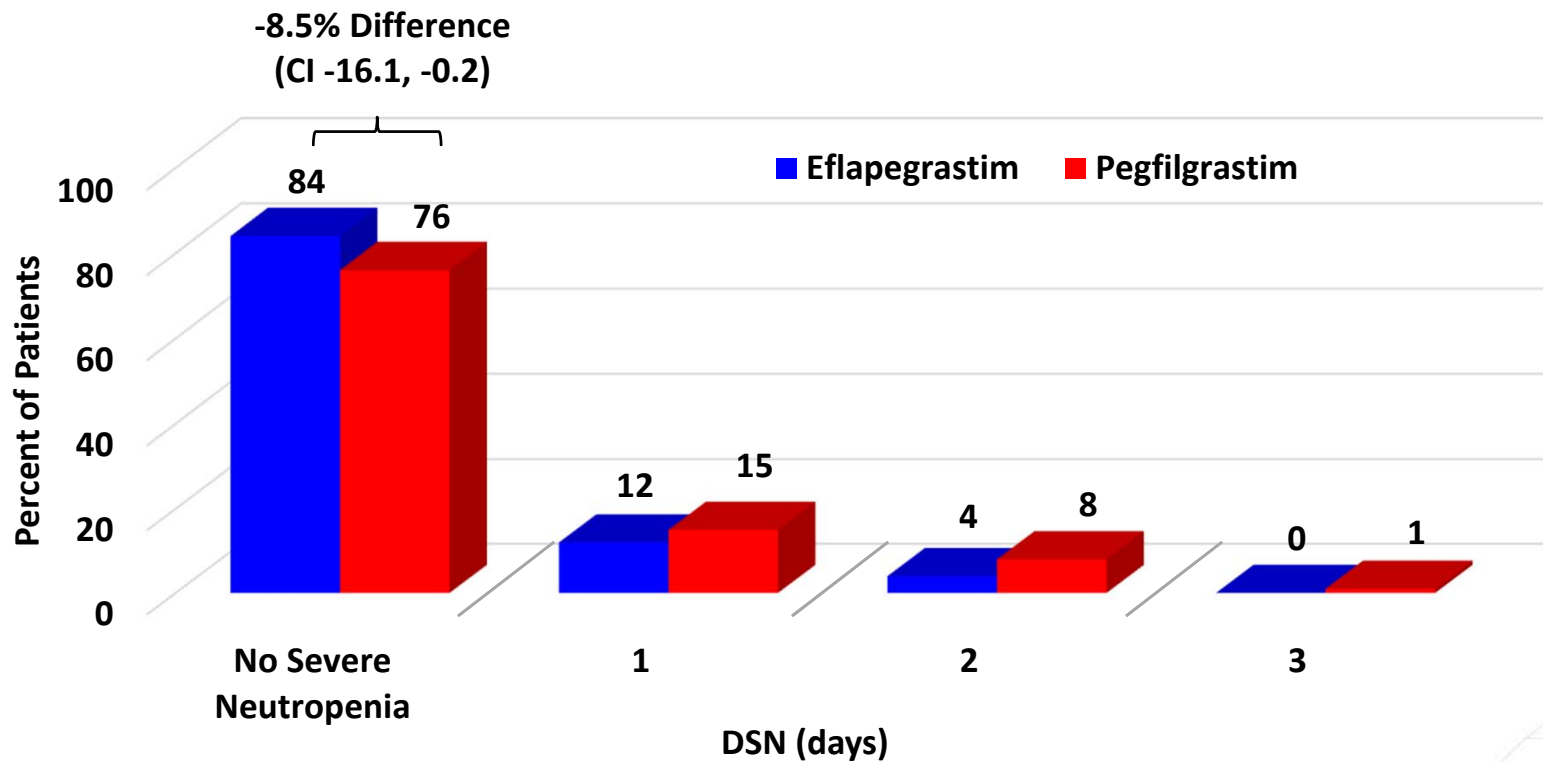
# Frequency of Severe Neutropenia in Cycle 1 (ITT Population)



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\*95% CI was calculated using Clopper-Pearson method



# Summary of DSN in Cycle 2 to 4 (ITT Population)



	Eflapegrastim N=196	Pegfilgrastim N=210
Cycle 2 Mean (SD) Median (Range)	0.13 (0.349) 0 (0, 2)	0.08 (0.266) 0 (0, 1)
Difference in mean DSN (eflapegrastim – pegfilgrastim) Percentile Method: Confidence Interval* Non-Inferiority p-value**	0.051 (-0.008, 0.112) <0.0001	
Cycle 3 Mean (SD) Median (Range)	0.11 (0.326) 0 (0, 2)	0.08 (0.273) 0 (0, 1)
Difference in mean DSN (eflapegrastim – pegfilgrastim) Percentile Method: Confidence Interval* Non-Inferiority p-value**	0.026 (-0.032, 0.085) <0.0001	
Cycle 4 Mean (SD) Median (Range)	0.10 (0.303) 0 (0, 1)	0.09 (0.281) 0 (0, 1)
Difference in mean DSN (eflapegrastim – pegfilgrastim) Percentile Method: Confidence Interval* Non-inferiority p-value**	0.016 (-0.039, 0.072) <0.0001	

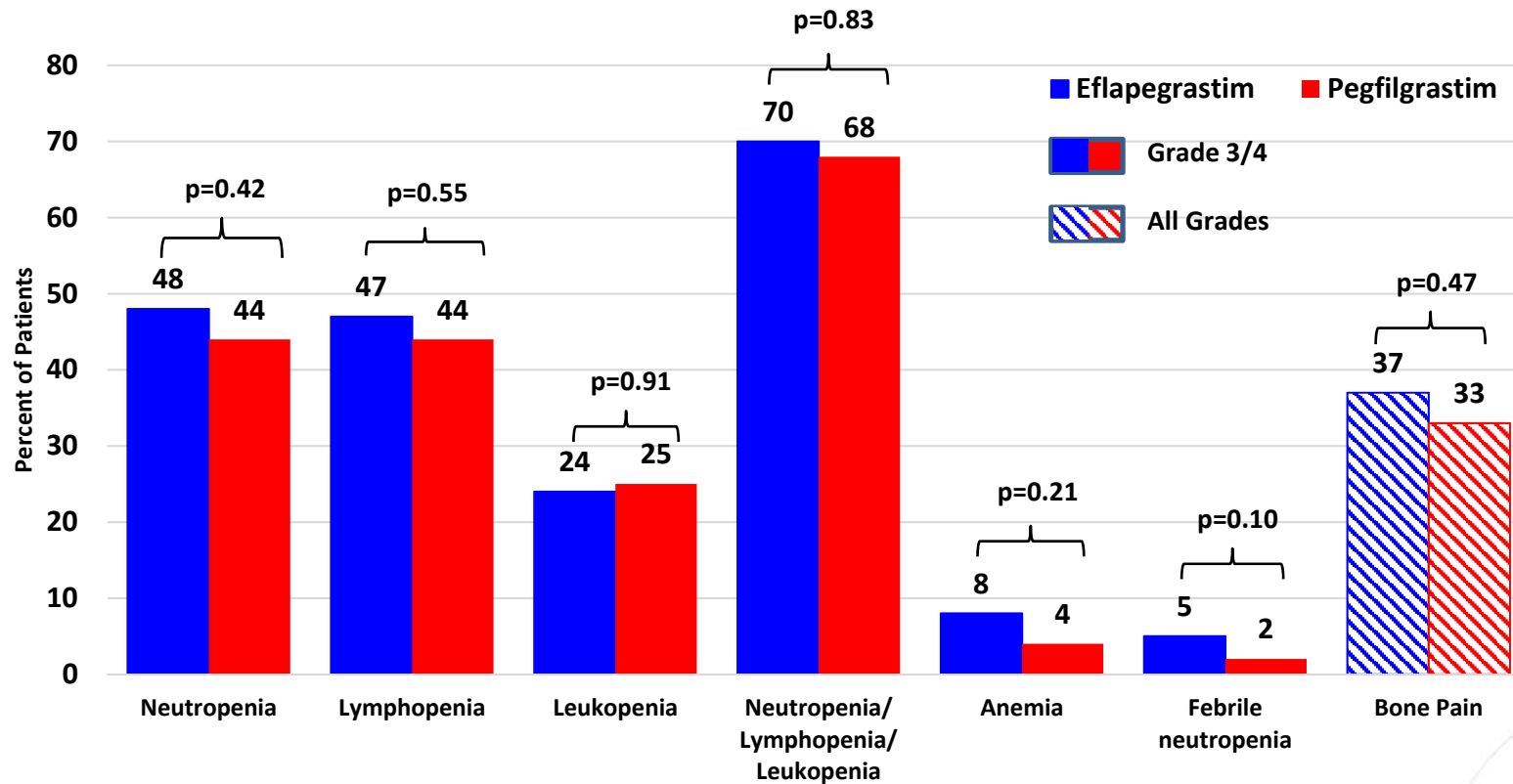


# Summary of Most Common Grade 3-4 Adverse Events (AE >5%)



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# Summary and Conclusions

- Primary efficacy endpoint of non-inferiority of eflapegrastim to pegfilgrastim in mean DSN in Cycle 1 was met
- Mean DSNs were similar between eflapegrastim and pegfilgrastim and the study demonstrated non-inferiority in Cycles 2 to 4.
- Most common adverse events were hematologic with similar rates of Grade 3-4 events between treatment groups
- Grade 3-4 bone pain rates were similar between treatment groups and were  $\leq 5\%$  in each group.

